

식염수 세척이 비강 점액분비에 미치는 영향 : 생체 내 및 생체 외 실험

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The Effects of Saline Solution Irrigation on Nasal Mucus Secretion : *in vivo* and *in vitro* Study

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ABSTRACT

Background and Objectives : Various saline solution formulae have been used frequently in patients with rhinosinusitis. However, there are not enough scientific evidences supporting the effect of irrigation of the nose with saline solution. We investigated the effects of saline solution on mucus secretion, vascular response, subjective symptoms and nasal cavity air-space volume changes using *in vitro* and *in vivo* test. **Materials and Method** : *In vitro* study, inferior turbinate mucosa were harvested from patients who had chronic hypertrophic rhinitis. These were incubated with 0.9%, 3%, 6% of saline solutions, and control solution. Concentrations of mucin and lysozyme were measured from them. *In vivo* study, the nasal cavity of normal control group and patients with septal deviation were irrigated with 0.9%, 3%, 6% of saline solutions. Lavage fluids were collected from the ipsilateral and contralateral sides to measure the concentrations of varies constituents such as mucin, lysozyme, total protein, and albumin. Patients recorded subjective symptoms and nasal cavity air-space volume was assessed by acoustic rhinometry after each irrigations. **Results** : *In vitro* study, the concentrations of mucin and lysozyme were increased in the dose-dependent manner by increasing the osmolarity. *In vivo* study, the sensation of rhinorrhea, pain and nasal blockage were increased as the concentration of saline increased. Furthermore, the concentrations of mucus and total protein also increased by increasing concentration of saline solution at ipsilateral side. However, contralateral reflex-mediated effect were negligible. There was no change in air-space volume. **Conclusion** : The saline solution induced secretion of mucus might be through axon reflex mediated neuronal effect. The increased mucus may change the rheology of mucus which, in turn, could increase mucociliary action in the nasal cavity. (Korean J Otolaryngol 2003;46:940-5)

KEY WORDS : Saline solution · Irrigation · Mucins · Lysozymes.

가
가¹⁾
가²⁾
가³⁾⁴⁾

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explant

단기간 하비갑개 배양

18

4 × 4 mm

4 ml Krebs -

Henseleit solution(KHS : 118 mM NaCl, 4.7 mM KCl, 1.2 mM KH₂PO₄, 1.2 mM MgSO₄, 3.4 mM CaCl₂, 2 g/L D - glucose, pH 7.4) 가 가

37 . 2

KHS 30 (1) 0.9%, 3%, 6% 가 (sodium chloride, Sigma, St. Louis, MO) 가 KHS 30

(2)

(mucin)

(lysozyme)

(se-

cretory index : SI)

가

2

1

(Relative secretory index : RSI)

(KHS)

1

0.9%, 3%, 6%

Rhino-

Scan®(RhinoMetrics, Lyngge, Denmark)

가

Sandwiched enzyme-linked lectin assay(ELLA)

및 리소자임측정

KHS

5 ml

0.9%

10

3

. ELLA

ferret

5 ml

가 .⁵⁾ 96 - well mi-

crotiter plate 60 µl wheat germ agglutinin(WGA, Sigma, St. Louis, MO)

2

50 µl horseradish peroxidase

3

WGA

tetramethylbenzidine

0.05% Tween - 20(Sigma, St. Louis,

MO) 4

4.7 N H₂SO₄

ELISA reader(Model 550®, Bio - Rad, Hercules, California) 450 nm

Type

(1.6~200 ng/ml)

standard curve

Stat View 5.0 statistics software

(SAS Institute, Cary, NC)

simple regression

analysis

Micro-

coccus lysodeikticus

turbidimetric assay

. M. lyso-

deikticus(0.3 mg/ml), sodium azide(1 mg/ml)

bovine

serum albumin(BSA : 1 mg/ml)

PBS

3

ELISA

450 nm

egg white

(1.6~100 ng/ml)

standard curve

27 (20 , 7 , 27 (22~34)) 11 (10 ,

1 , 27 (15~48))

6

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식염수 세척이 비강 점액분비에 미치는 영향

가 (, , ,)
 . 10 3%, 6%
 0.9%
 ELLA, turbidimetric assay
 Cobas Mira® (Roche - BM, Switzerland)
 pyrogallo red method , Cobas Integra
 800® (Roche - BM, Switzerland) immunotu-
 rbidimetric method

Stat View 5.0
²-test
 (ANOVA)
 0.05
 0.9%, 3%, 6%
 가 가 가 . 3%, 6%
 가 가
 0.9%, 3%, 6%
 가 ,
 가 (Fig. 1).

증상발현

가 가
 가

Table 1. Symptoms caused by saline solution irrigation. The sensation of rhinorrhea, pain and obstruction significantly increased as the concentration of saline increased. The sensation of fresh decreased by increase of the concentration of saline.

	0.9% saline solution			3% saline solution			6% saline solution		
	C	D	S	C	D	S	C	D	S
Fresh	13	3	16	4	1	5 [†]	1	1	2*
Rhinorrhea	3	4	7	18	9	27*	18	10	28*
Pain	0	0	0	12	5	17*	26	10	36*
Obstruction	0	0	0	3	1	4	11	1	12*

C : normal control group (n=27), D : patients with septal deviation (n=11), S : sum of control and patients group (n=38) *p<0.01, †p<0.05

가 가
 가 가
 가 (Table 1).

세척액의 점소와 리소자임, 총 단백 및 알부민의 농도

가 가
 가 (Fig. 2). 0.9%
 6%
 가 가 가
 0.9% 6%
 (Fig. 3).

반대측 세척액 내의 점소, 리소자임의 농도

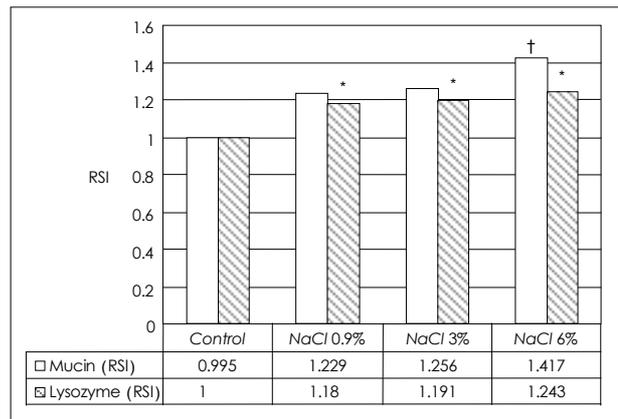
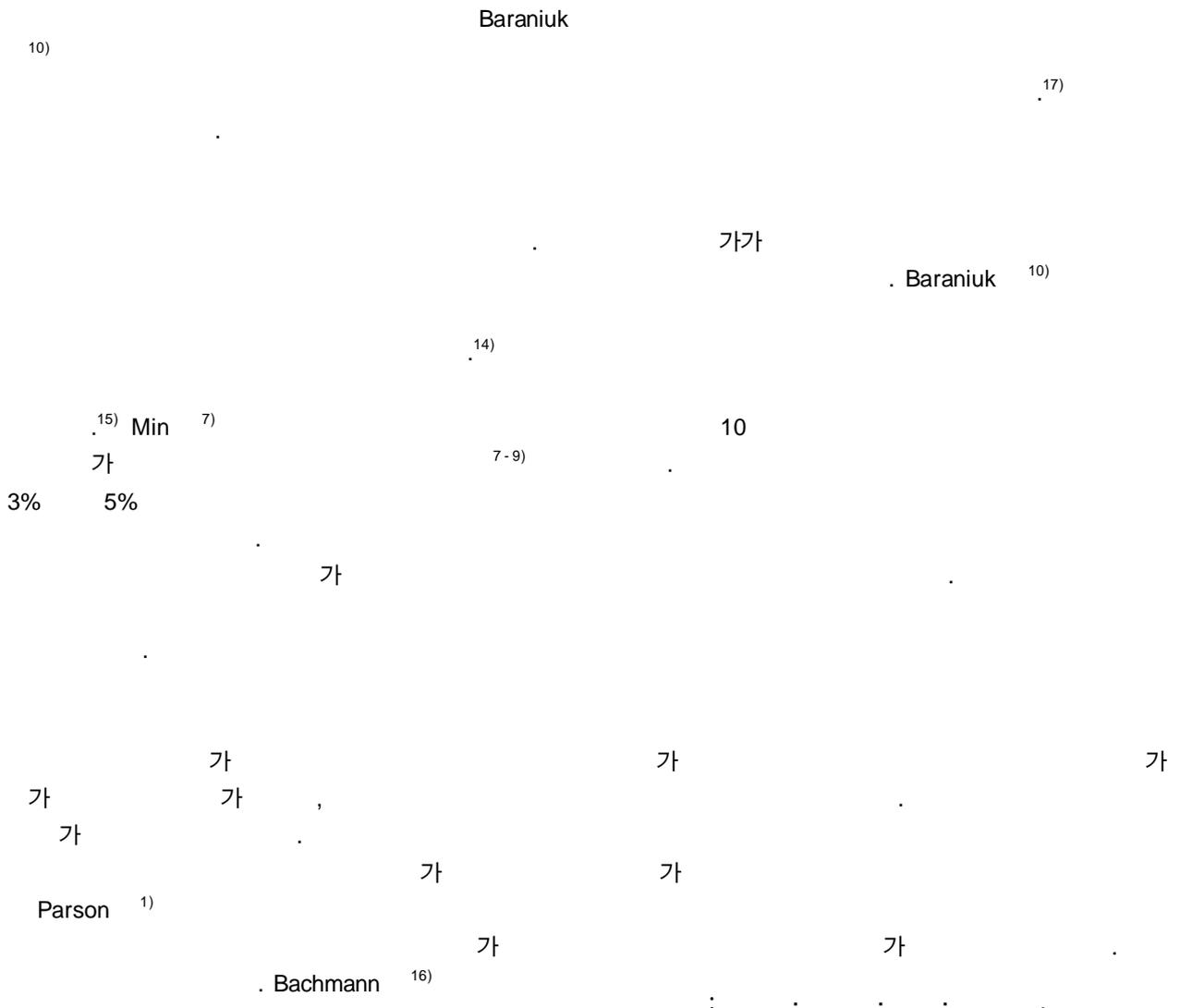


Fig 1. The effect of various concentration of saline solution on mucin and lysozyme secretion in the inferior turbinate explant. Saline solution increased mucin or lysozyme concentration in dose-dependent fashion *in vitro*. In mucin, significant increases compared with controls were observed at concentration of 3% and 6% saline solutions. In lysozyme, significant increases compared with controls were observed at concentration of 0.9%, 3% and 6% saline solutions. All data are expressed as means. The relative change of secretory index (RSI) was calculated using the secretory index of stimulated mucin or lysozyme secretion divided by that of unstimulated (KHS) secretion. *p<0.05, †p<0.01.



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