

# NF- $\kappa$ B의 활성화와 면역학적 기능

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## Function and Activation of NF- $\kappa$ B in Immune System

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NF- $\kappa$ B (immune modulation), (apoptosis), (epithelial differentiation) (protein family)

TNF

NF- $\kappa$ B

NF- $\kappa$ B (cytokine)

TNF, Interleukin-1(IL-1), IL-6, GM-CSF, (chemokine) IL-8, macrophage-inflammatory protein(MIP)-1, methyl accepting chemotaxis protein1(MCP1), RANTES, eotaxin

NF- $\kappa$ B (adhesion molecule) E-selectin, vascular cell adhesion molecule-1(VCAM-1), endothelial leukocyte adhesion molecule-1(ELAM), intercellular cell adhesion molecule1(ICAM-1), (inducible enzyme) cyclooxygenase-2(COX-2), inducible nitric oxide synthase(iNOS)

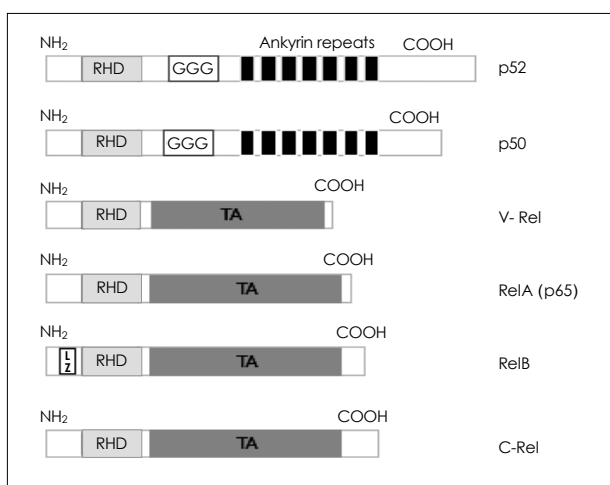
NF- $\kappa$ B

NF- $\kappa$ B p50, p52, RelA(p65), RelB, c-Rel, v-Rel (Table 1). NF- $\kappa$ B Rel-homology domain(RHD) 가 DNA, I B p50 p52 NF- $\kappa$ B p105 p100 RelA, RelB, v-Rel, c-Rel RHD (transcription activation domain) p50 (Fig. 1).<sup>2)</sup> NF- $\kappa$ B homo-, hetero (dimer) p50 p52 homodimer (transcriptional repressor), RelA(p65), c-Rel (transcriptional activator)

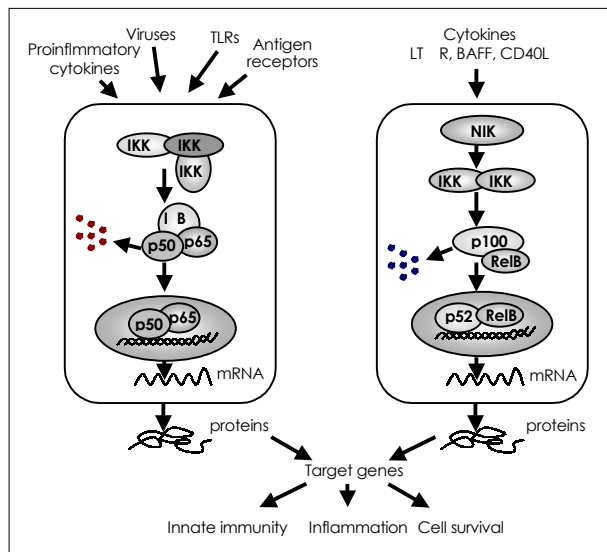
NF- $\kappa$ B I B(inhibitor B) NF- $\kappa$ B RHD I B, I B, I B 가<sup>3)</sup> NF- $\kappa$ B NF- $\kappa$ B 가 가 (innate immunity)

**Table 1.** NF- B and IKK proteins

Protein	Other names
<b>NF- B proteins</b>	
p50 (p105)	NF- B1, p110, KBF1, EBO-1
p52 (p100)	NF- B2, p50B, p49, p55, Lyt10, H2TF1
RelA	p65
RelB	I-Rel
<b>I B kinase (IKK) proteins</b>	
IKK	IKK1, CHUK
IKK	IKK2
IKK	IKK3, NEMO (NF- B essential modulator)



**Fig. 1.** NF-kB proteins contain a well conserved Rel-homology domain (RHD). Some proteins, such as c-Rel, RelB and RelA, contain transactivation domains in addition to the RHD.



**Fig. 2.** Classical and alternative NF-kB pathway. A : The classical NF-kB pathway is activated by a variety of inflammatory signals. B : The alternative NF-kB pathway is strictly dependent on IKKa homodimers and is activated by NIK. IKK : Ikb kinase, NIK : NF-kB-inducing kinase, LT : lymphotoxin, BAFF : B-cell activating factor belong to the TNFG family, CD40L : CD40 ligand.

(ad-aptive immunity)

**NF - B**  
(Classical NF - B Activation Pathway)

NF - B 가

4)

IKK - I B (IKK - dependent I B degradation) NF - B가

NF - B

I B IKK (I B kinase (IKK) complex) IKK

IKK , IKK , IKK (NEMO ; NF - B essential modulator) IKK 가

pathogen - associated molecular pattern(PA-MPs), TNF (TNFR) Toll - like (TLR), IL - 1 (IL - 1R) 가 IKK

가 NF - B

I B (phosphorylation) polyubiquitination proteasome NF - B

I B . I B가 NF - B

B ( p50 - p65 ) (gene trans-cription) (Fig. 2).

NF - B 가 , ICAM - 1, VCAM - 1, endothelial leu-kocyte adhesion molecule - 1(ELAM), 2 (encoding) 5) IKK IKK

NF - B

**NF - B**  
(Alternative NF - B Activation Pathway)

IKK , IKK IKK

NF - B 가

NF- B의 면역학적 기능

NF- B kinase(NIK) IKK 가 NF- B inducing (antigen presenting cell) (spleen) T , B NF- B ELC, SLC, SDF - 1, BLC RelB - p100 RelB - p52 IKK p65 NF- B 가 B-cell activating factor(BAFF), CD40 ligand, LT R 가 NIK IKK 가 NF- B B-cell activating factor (BAFF), CD40 ligand, LT R NF- B NF- B RelA RelB NF- B IKK IKK (gene sequence) IKK 2 (lymph node organ) B IKK (substrate specificity) (secondary lymphoid organ) Trypanosome cruzi (protozoa) mycobacterium tuberculosis NF- B 가 NF- B (pattern recognition receptor) Toll-like (TLR) (lipopolysaccharide) TLR4 TLR2 (peptidoglycan) (lipoprotein) TLR5 (bacterial flagellin) TLR9 DNA(non - methylated bacterial DNA) dsRNA TLR3 TLR NF- B (myeloid cell) TLR, NF- B p50, p52, p65, RelB, c-Rel RNA(mRNA)가 (white pulp) NF- B

17) NF- $\kappa$ B, prostaglandin E<sub>2</sub>, nitric oxide, cyPG 15-deoxy-<sup>20)</sup> [12,14]PGJ<sub>2</sub>(15dPGJ<sub>2</sub>) (anti-inflammatory mediator) 가 NF- $\kappa$ B 가 .<sup>21)</sup> NF- $\kappa$ B가

가 NF- $\kappa$ B 가 NF- $\kappa$ B 가 .<sup>18)</sup> NF- $\kappa$ B (oncogenic phenotype) 가 NF- $\kappa$ B (proapoptotic activity) 가 NF- $\kappa$ B (antiapoptotic activity)

NF- $\kappa$ B NF- $\kappa$ B

NF- $\kappa$ B cellular inhibitors of apoptosis(c-IAPs), caspase-8, c-FLIP(FLICE inhibitory protein), A1, TNFR-associated factor1(TrAF1), TRAF2 NF- $\kappa$ B 가 NF- $\kappa$ B 가 가

18) NF- $\kappa$ B c-IAP caspase-3, caspase-7 pro-caspase-6 procaspase-9 (death receptor pathway) (mitochondria dependent pathway) 가 NF- $\kappa$ B (translocation), (amplification), (deletion), (mutation) NF- $\kappa$ B I B 가 , Human T-cell leukemia virus(HTLV)-1 IKK NF- $\kappa$ B 가 EBV nuclear antigen(EBNA)-2 latent membrane protein-1(LMP-1) NF- $\kappa$ B DNA 가 가 .<sup>22)</sup> DNA가 NF- $\kappa$ B 가 가 Bcl-2 c-IAP 가

NF- $\kappa$ B NF- $\kappa$ B (growth factor), COX-2 iNOS (inducible enzyme) NF- $\kappa$ B 가

19) Carrageenin 24 48 (neutrophil granulocyte)가 (mononuclear phagocyte)가 가 COX-2 iNOS (proinflammatory mediator) NF- $\kappa$ B 가

23) P-glycoprotein NF- $\kappa$ B NF- $\kappa$ B 가

24) NF- $\kappa$ B (VEGF), COX-2 iNOS

, matrix metalloproteinase, plasminogen activator, heparinase

25)

NF - B

가

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